Errata


When the above paper was published in the journal, an error occurred in labelling an axis on a figure. On Fig. 2, the y-axis should have been labelled as $\mu$g g$^{-1}$, as is shown below.

We apologize for any confusion or inconvenience caused by this error.

![Fig. 2](image_url)

**Fig. 2.** Faecal corticosterone metabolite concentrations (± SE) in white ibis nestlings (a) during 2006 and 2007 in food supplemented and control nestlings, (b) in A- and B-hatched nestlings by year, and (c) in A and B-hatched nestlings by age. Sample sizes are indicated in the bars.


The above paper was published with the wrong version of Figure 1. The correct figure is reproduced below (there are no changes to the caption).
Fig. 1. Multivariate Factor Analysis (MFA) on environmental factors across the network of 74 forest plots: (a) correlation circle, (b) individual factor map. Details on environmental factors can be found in Baraloto et al. (2011). (a) Climate: Rainfall (mean annual rainfall, mm yr$^{-1}$) and DSI (dry season index, days); Soil texture and chemistry: Sand (percentage of sand,%), Silt (percentage of silt,%), Clay (percentage of clay,%), N (nitrogen,%), C (carbon,%), C:N (carbon: nitrogen ratio), NO3.N (nitrate, ppm), P (Olsen phosphorus, ppm), K (potassium, mEq/100 g), Na (sodium, mEq/100 g), Ca (calcium, mEq/100 g), Mg (magnesium, mEq/100 g); Forest structure: BA (basal area >2.5 cm DBH, m² ha$^{-1}$), Stems2.5-10 (number of stems 2.5–10 cm DBH, ha$^{-1}$), Stems10–30 (number of stems 10–30 cm DBH, ha$^{-1}$), Stems.sup30 (number of stems >30 cm DBH, ha$^{-1}$), WSG (plot mean wood specific gravity), height (plot mean height, m), DBH (plot mean diameter at breast height, cm); (b) Country: G: French Guiana, P: Peru; Habitat: SF: Seasonally Flooded, TF: Terra Firme, WS: White-Sand. Squares indicate the 13 plots selected for the present study.